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Skeletal and muscular system crossword

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At birth, you have around 270 bones, but as you age bones fuse together and you end up with around 206 bones.The bone mass in the skeleton reaches maximum density around age twenty one.The human skeleton provides protection of organs, helps with movement, provides support, creates blood cells, stores minerals, and helps with blood sugar regulation.Our bones give us structure. For example, without the structure of our bones, our lungs would collapse.Our bones work with the muscular system to help us move.The skeleton helps to protect our vital internal organs from being damaged.The skull protects the brainThe vertebrae protect the spinal cord.The rib cage protects the lungs, heart and major blood vessels.Blood cells are created in the bone marrowBones store calcium and iron which is used by the body.Bone help the endocrine system by releasing a hormone which helps regulate blood sugar.Bones are made up of spongy bone, compact bone, periosteum, and a marrow cavity.The human skeleton can be divided into the axial skeleton and the appendicular skeleton. The axial skeleton contains the vertebral column, the rib cage, and the skull.The appendicular skeleton is made up of the pelvic girdle, the shoulder, and the bones of the upper and lower limbs.Arthritis is a disorder of the joints and involves inflammation of one's joints.Osteoporosis is a disease of bone where there is reduced bone mineral density.The formation of bone is called ossification.Interesting Skeletal System Facts This activity set includes two one-page crossword puzzles about the muscular system for a human anatomy and physiology course. There is a total of twenty-three clues that need to be solved for completion. Vocabulary terms and/or topics covered among the clues include but are not limited to: sarcomere, diaphragm, prime mover, smooth muscle, latissimus dorsi, hypertonia, trapezius, striated, actin, spasm, orbicularis oris, location, atrophy, neuromuscular junction, zygomaticus, tendon, quadriceps femoris, shin splints, tendon, somatic nerve, triceps brachii myalgia, aerobic metabolism, and somatic nerve. The clues collectively probe students' understanding of muscle anatomy, physiology, and classification. The crossword puzzles will become editable once you convert the joint PDF file over to Microsoft Word using an Adobe Acrobat Reader app. I included both answer keys. This resource complements the following activities relating to the muscular system in my store: Muscular System Exam Muscular System Condition Diagnosis Table Muscular System Study Guide Series Muscle Naming Worksheet Set Mapping Out the Physiology of a Muscle Contraction and Relaxation Worksheet Skeletal Muscle Function Table Set I offer dozens of quality field-tested, innovative, practical, and user-friendly products for several fields of science - biology, chemistry, field ecology, physical science, Earth science, space science and human anatomy and physiology. Contributor Parker's Products for the Sciences Lesson Category Crossword Puzzle Set Grades 10-12 Answer Key Yes Pages 5 Product File PDF or to record your success. COMPLETE! < > Click the grid below to get started! Bone disease due to aging This in bones changes bc of aging . Muscles are weak and unused Function of the Skeletal system Property of muscles when maintained by exercising Affected by decreased fluid in vertebrae older patients NA's consideration for residents to prevent atrophy Function of the Skeletal system Supports, contains both compact and spongy. Update Password NOTE: You need to update your password before you can be logged in. Where is my puzzle? All your puzzles are accessible from your 'My Puzzles' page, which you can access using the navigation bar at the top when you are logged in.Be sure to log in using the same email address you used when you created your puzzle. How do I print? There is a 'Make Printable' button on the top left of your puzzle that will let you sign up for a plan or purchase a single puzzle.Once paid, that button will turn into a 'Preview + Publish' button that will put your puzzle in a format that can be printed or solved online.Once you publish your puzzle, you can click the print icon or use your browser's print function. It looks weird when printed. First make sure you've published your puzzle. See the 'How do I print?' section above for more information.99% of other printing issues have to do with printer settings. Instead of trying to fiddle with printer settings, which can be time-consuming and frustrating, there are a couple workarounds you can try.You can try printing from a different browser, since different browsers have different default print settings. Alternately, you can try saving as a PDF (next to the print icon) and print that. Why isn't this free? 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For security a human can't see or reset your password, so read the below information carefully.If you haven't gotten the password reset email, check your spam folder, be sure you're checking the email account that the email was sent to, and be aware that some school email systems block emails from non-school email addresses.If you have the password reset email but the password isn't accepted, be sure you are using the most recent password reset email: sometimes people will hit the button twice, and only the second password will work.Be sure if you copy-paste the password not to get a space on the outside, or if you're typing it keep in mind that it's case-sensitive and that a lower-case L can look like the number 1, etc. How do I cancel? You can cancel your subscription from your 'My Account' page, which you can access using the navigation bar at the top when you are logged in.Support representatives cannot cancel a subscription on your behalf. Not all my words are in my puzzle. When you hit the 'Arrange' button, our algorithm will try to arrange all your words on the grid, and will move words around to try to fit the most words.This will get all the words on the grid about 90% of the time, depending on the word list. For the other 10%, you will get an alert explaining that the words that did not fit were added to the scratchpad. It prints on two pages. Big puzzles won't always print on one page — the clues and grid are the smallest we could make them while keeping them readable for everyone.That said, different browsers print in slightly different ways, so you could try using 'print preview' using a different browser (or try the PDF button) to see if you like how that looks better. I didn't hear back from you. We generally respond to all reported issues in about a day. If it's been a few days and you haven't heard back from us, it's possible we sent an email that didn't reach you.Check your spam folder, and be aware that some school email systems block emails from non-school email addresses. Try providing a different email address if you think our emails to you are being blocked. Answers take about a day. Try the Quick Answers above for a faster resolution. Your Email: Issue: Musculoskeletal System Crossword Puzzle By Maria A. Reed, CCA, CPC, CPC-H, medical coder. Las Vegas Paiute Tribe Health & Human Services and University Health System (University of Nevada School of Medicine) Across 2, 7, 8. SKELETAL—Type of muscle attached to bones involved in skeletal movements; controlled consciously & acts voluntarily DIARTHROSIS—Type of joint that is freely movable -i.e. hip, shoulder BONESCAN—Nuclear imaging procedure to evaluate the amount of an injected radioactive element in bone to localize a suspected tumor, evaluate fracture or infection 14. OSTEOCLAST—Cell responsible for the resorption or breakdown of bones 15. CARPALTUNNELSYNDROME—Condition due to excessive compression of median nerve leading to pain, numbness, & weakness 16. ENDOMYSIUM—Connective tissue that surrounds each individual muscle cell/fiber 23. CARDIAC—Type of muscle found in the walls of the heart, controlled by the autonomic nervous system & contracts involuntarily 25. OSTEOBLAST—Cell responsible for the formation of bones 28. TENDONITIS—Inflammation of tendon 29. FACIAL—Bones that include parietal (2), temporal (2), frontal (1), occipital (1), ethmoid (1), & sphenoid (1) 30. OSTEOCYTE—A bone cell 31. OSTEOPOROSIS—“Porous” bone, “thinning” of bones; metabolic disorder due to decrease bone mass; bones become brittle which can lead to fractures; highest risk among white & Asian women 34. LIGAMENT—Tough band of connective tissue that attaches bone to another bone 35. SYNARTHROSIS—Type of joint that is immovable -i.e. sutures of the skull 36. VERTEBRALCOLUMN—Consist of cervical (7), thoracic (12), lumbar (5), sacrum (1), & coccyx (1) 37. AMPHIARTHROSIS—Type of joint that is slightly movable - i.e. ribs, symphysis pubis. Joint between vertebrae Down 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 32, 33. STRAIN—“Pulled muscle”; stretching & tearing of muscle or tendon MUSCULARDYSTROPHY—Group of genetic disorders leading to progressive weakening & loss of muscles, types -i.e. Duchene, Becker, Myotonic MYASTHENIAGRAVIS—Autoimmune disorder due to production of antibodies that affects muscles & nerves; characterized by eyelid drooping, double vision, dysphagia, & fatigue THORACICCAGE—Consist of sternum/breast bone (1), ribs (12 pairs), costal cartilage, & thoracic vertebrae (12) TENORRHAPHY— An operation to surgically suture a torn tendon SMOOTH—Type of muscle controlled by the autonomic nervous system (part of the peripheral nervous system that controls the functions of visceral organs); acts involuntarily & can't be controlled consciously; found in walls of hollow internal organs -i.e. GIT, blood vessels ARTHRITIS—Inflammation of joints; symptoms include pain, swelling, & loss of mobility JOINT —Point where two bones interconnect or come together OSTEOMYELITIS—Infection of the bone PERIMYSIUM— Large connective tissue that surrounds each bundle of muscle fibers (fasciculus) DISLOCATION—Displacement or separation of bone joint MYALGIA—Muscle pain ARTHROSCOPY—Procedure where a fiberoptic instrument is used to visualize the interior of a joint BURSTITIS—Inflammation of the bursa BURSA—Fluid-filled sac; functions as gliding surface to decrease friction between tissues of the body-i.e. joints TENDON—Tough band of connective tissue that attaches muscle to bone CARTILAGE—Type of connective tissue that has a firm gel-like consistency; types include hyaline, elastic, & fibrocartilage ELECTROMYOGRAPHY—Procedure used to record the electrical activity of muscles; used to evaluate paralysis or other neuromuscular disorders OSTEOGENESIS—Process of development & formation of bone FASCIA—Band or sheet of fibrous connective tissue that surrounds, separate, or binds together muscles, blood vessels, nerves, or other soft structures of the body EPIMYSIUM—Connective tissue sheath that surrounds an entire muscle SPRAIN—Injury to ligament from stretching or tearing; symptoms include pain & swelling; injury of ligaments around a joint

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